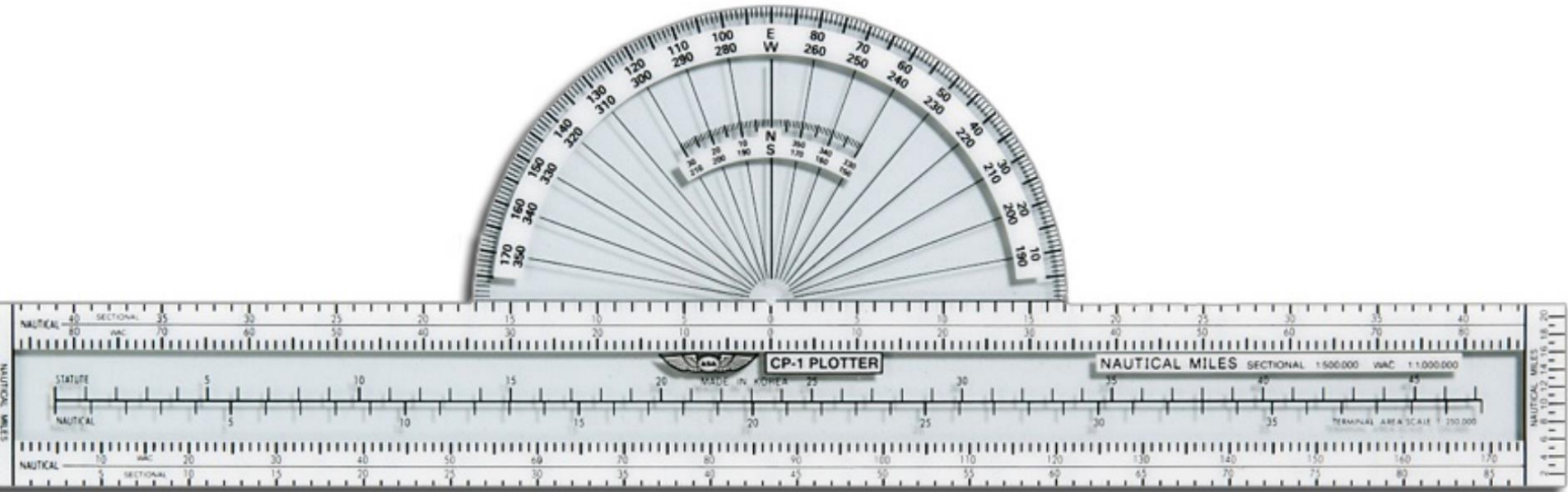


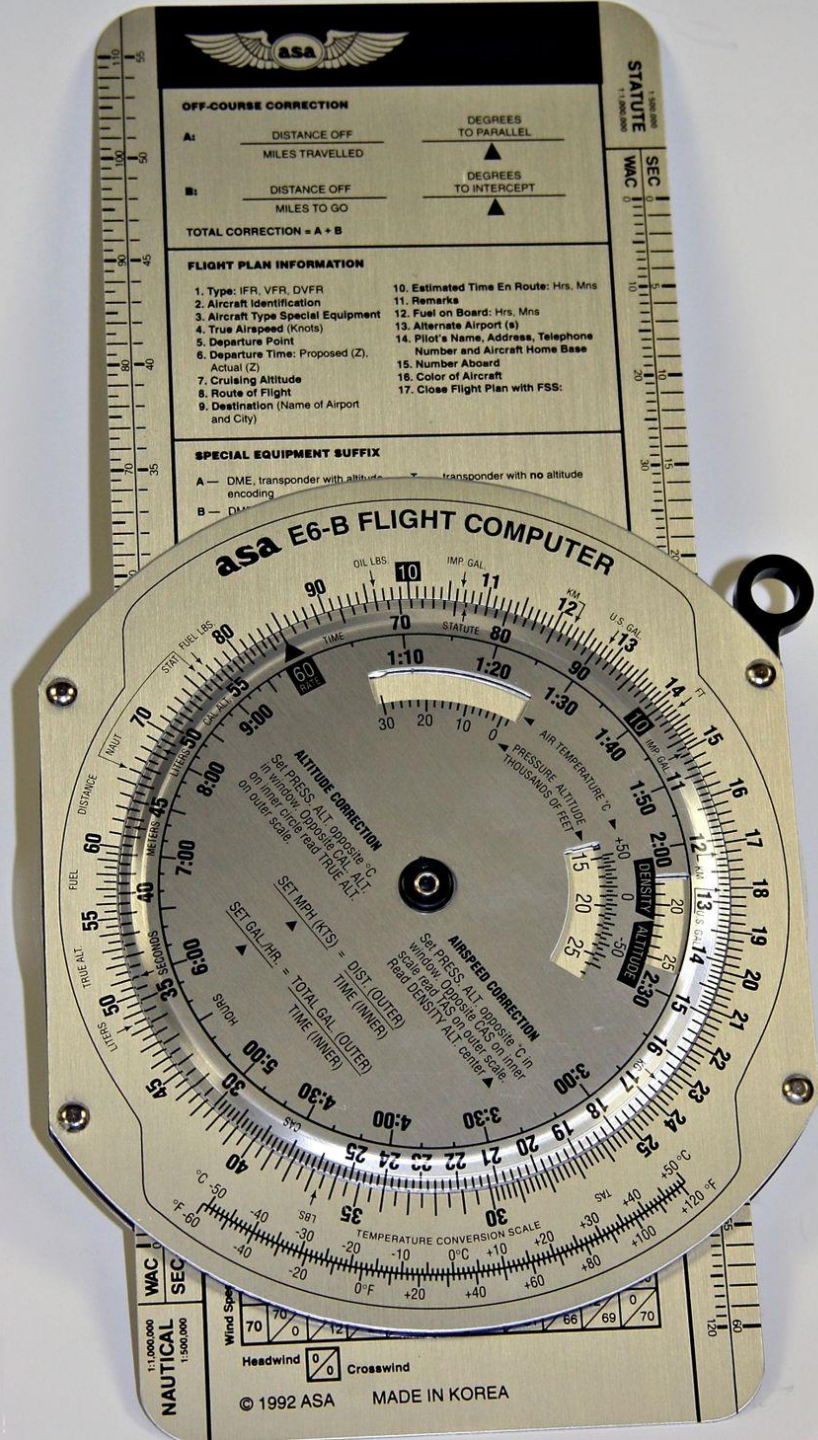
Flight Planning Tools

- ▶ Determine true course with sectional and plotter
- ▶ Determine true heading with wind-side E6B
- ▶ Convert to magnetic heading
- ▶ Calculate and record ground speed and time en route on a navlog

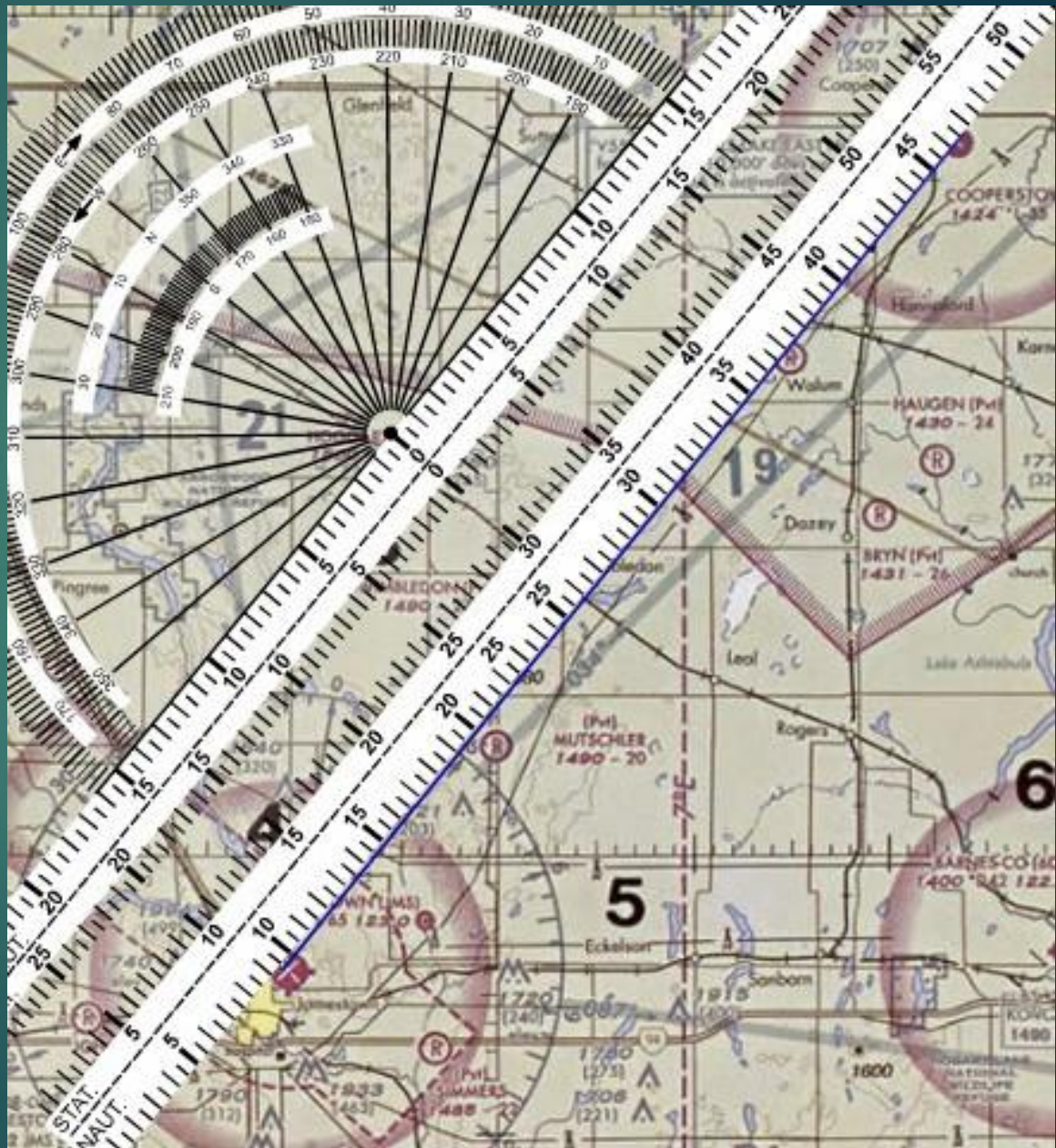
Typical fixed plotter



E6B Flight Computer



Sectional and Plotter

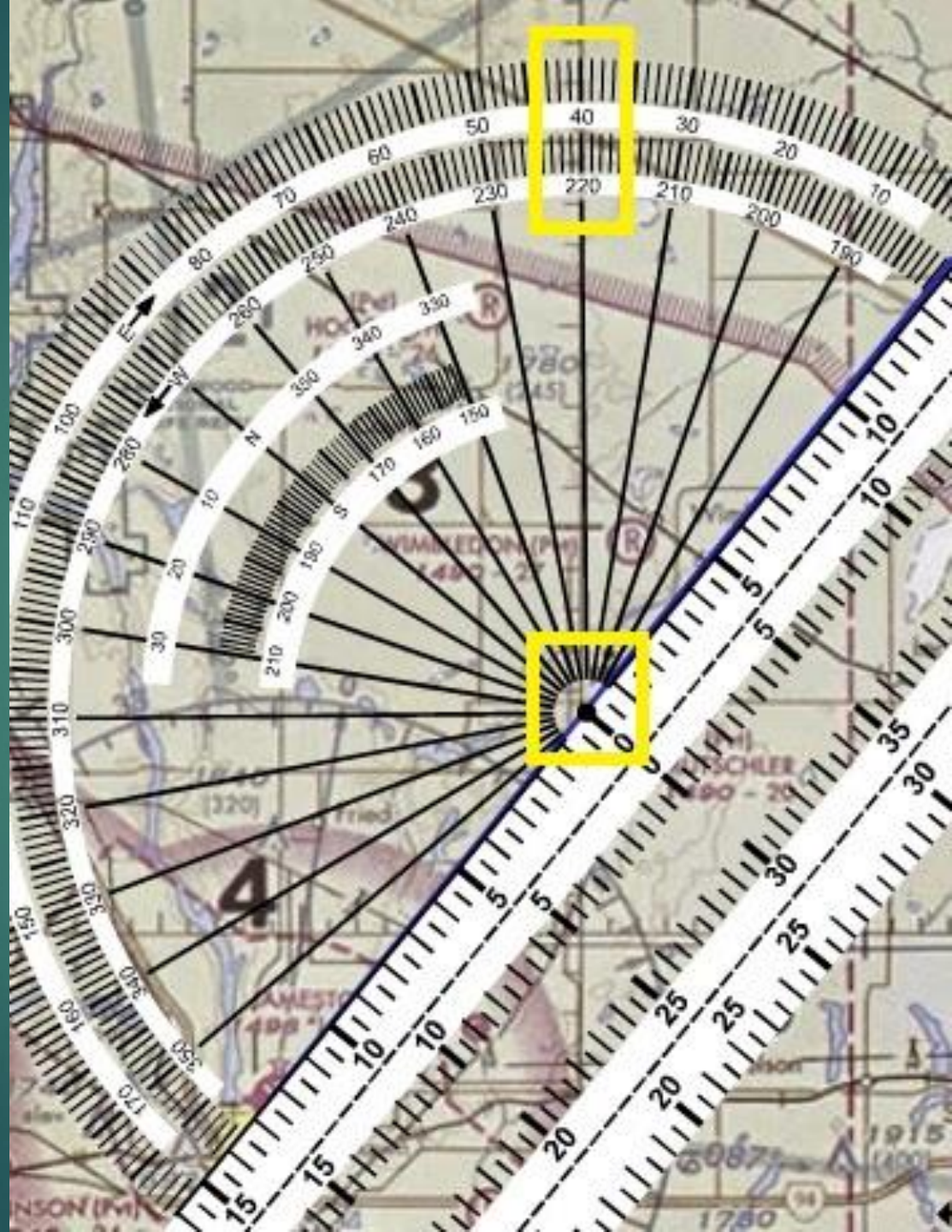


Measure
distance
along line



Center hole
on a line of
longitude that
intersects your
course.

Read true
course from
protractor.



Another example: ESN – RJD – W29



Another example: ESN – RJD – W29



Calculating true heading



Calculating true heading

- ▶ True heading is true course (determined from sectional and plotter) corrected for wind
- ▶ It is calculated using the wind side of an E6B

Calculating true heading in space. Note that the slide rule portion is facing us, which means Spock is correcting for space winds.

Fascinating.



Fun with Your E6B

True Heading and Ground Speed

Check winds aloft forecast: wind = 20 kt from 210°

Our aircraft's cruise airspeed is 110kt

Leg	True Course	True Heading	Indicated Airspeed	Ground speed
ESN – RJD	044			
RJD – W29	272			

True Heading and Ground Speed

Check winds aloft forecast: wind = 20 kt from 210°
Our aircraft's cruise airspeed is 110kt

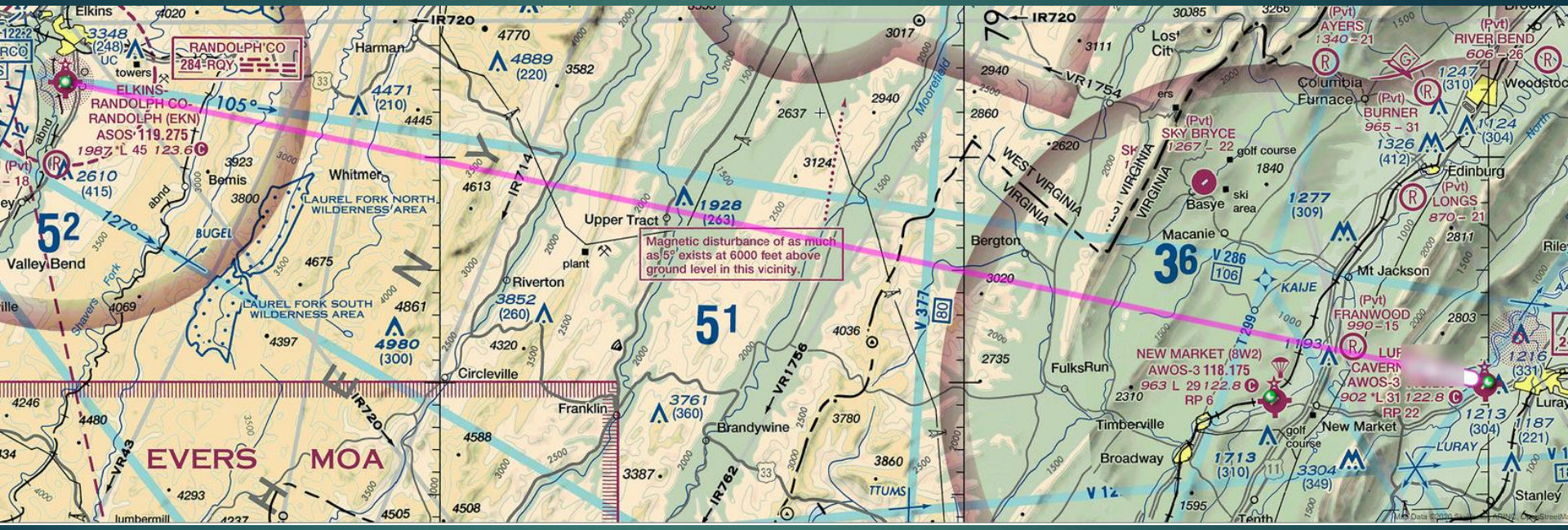
Leg	True Course	True Heading	Indicated Airspeed	Ground speed
ESN – RJD	044	046	110	130
RJD – W29	272			

True Heading and Ground Speed

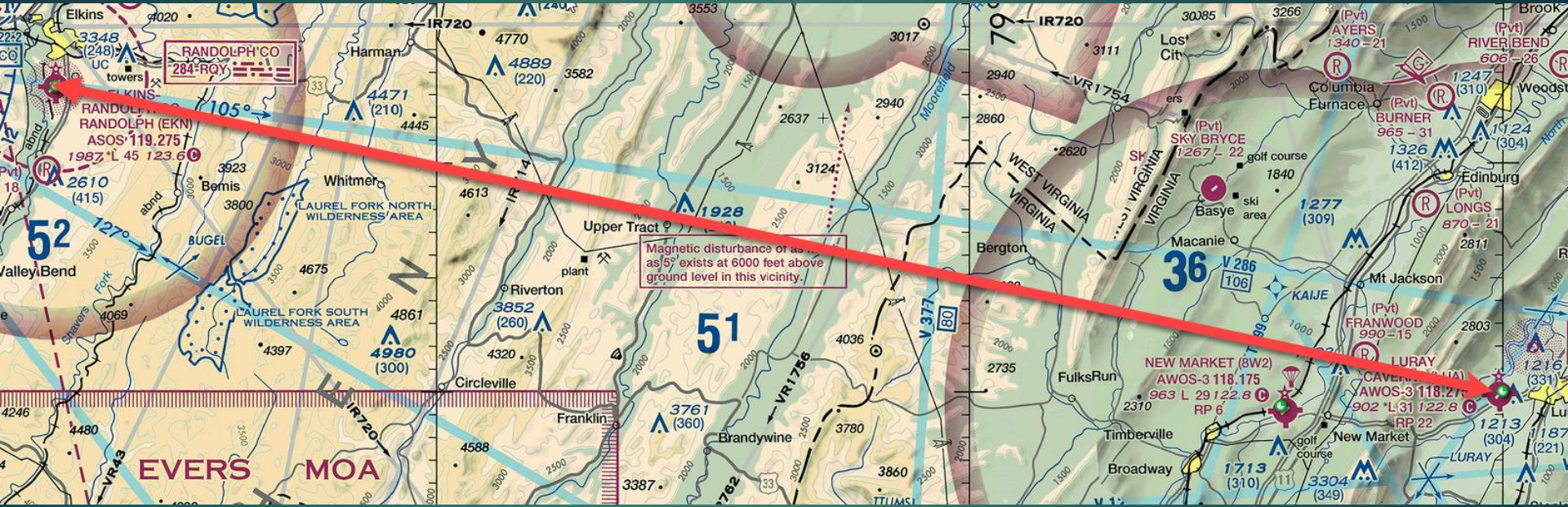
Check winds aloft forecast: wind = 20 kt from 210°
Our aircraft's cruise airspeed is 110kt

Leg	True Course	True Heading	Indicated Airspeed	Ground speed
ESN – RJD	044	046	110	130
RJD – W29	272	262	110	98

Creating a NavLog



Creating a NavLog



Creating a NavLog



What altitude to fly?

- ▶ Avoid terrain/obstructions
- ▶ Fly the prescribed VFR default altitude.

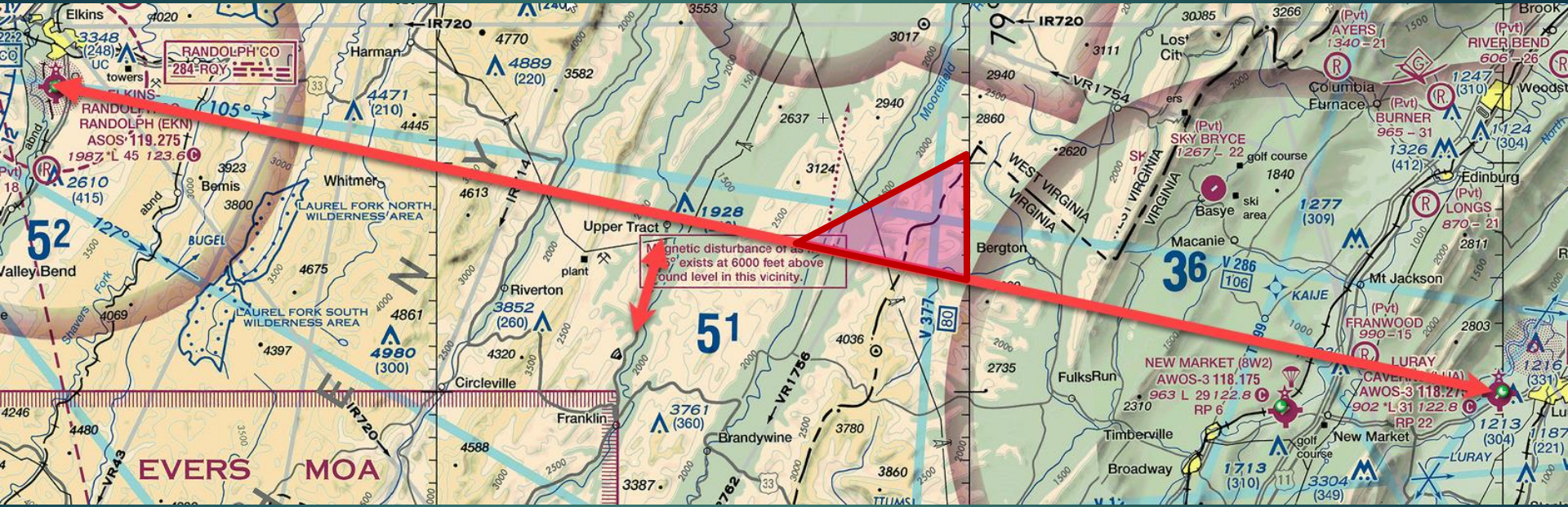
FAR 91.159

- ▶ Each person operating an aircraft under VFR in level cruising flight more than 3,000 feet AGL shall maintain the appropriate altitude prescribed below, unless otherwise authorized by ATC.
- ▶ On a magnetic course of 0° through 179° any odd thousand foot MSL altitude + 500 feet (3,500, 5,500, 7,500...)
- ▶ On a magnetic course of 180° through 359° , any even thousand foot MSL altitude + 500 feet (4,500, 6,500, 8,500...)

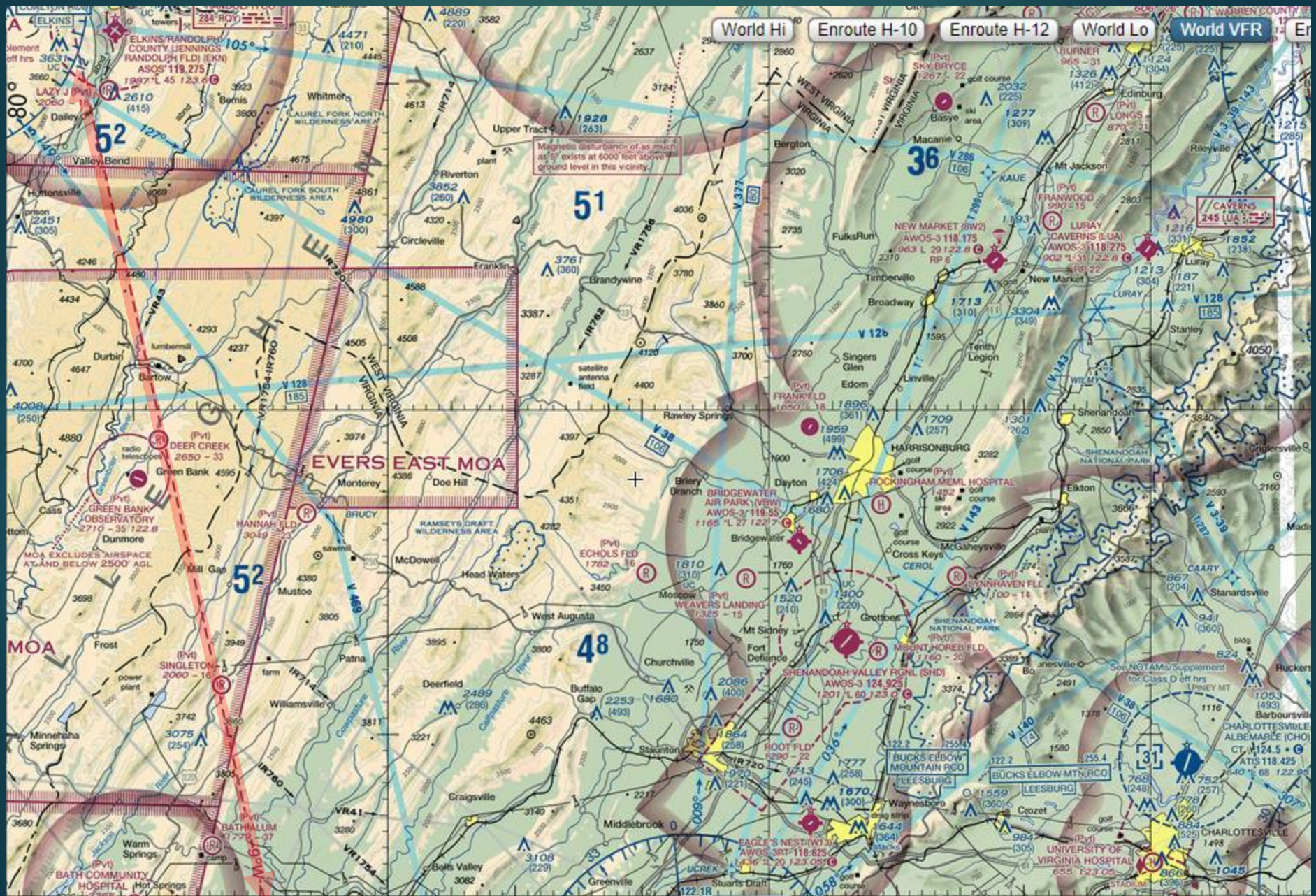
Memory aid:

- ▶ East is odd
- ▶ But West is even odder
- ▶ (IFR traffic is typically assigned the 1000s altitudes, i.e. eastbound IFR flies 5000, 7000, 9000 MSL and westbound flies 6000, 8000, 10000)

Creating a NavLog

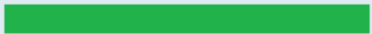



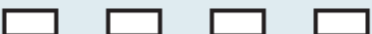



Magnetic Variation



Light Gun Signals

Used at towered fields when radio communication is lost

Color and Type of Signal	Movement of Vehicles, Equipment and Personnel	Aircraft on the Ground	Aircraft in Flight
Steady green 	Cleared to cross, proceed or go	Cleared for takeoff	Cleared to land
Flashing green 	Not applicable	Cleared for taxi	Return for landing (to be followed by steady green at the proper time)
Steady red 	Stop	Stop	Give way to other aircraft and continue circling
Flashing red 	Clear the taxiway/runway	Taxi clear of the runway in use	Airport unsafe, do not land
Flashing white 	Return to starting point on airport	Return to starting point on airport	Not applicable
Alternating red and green 	Exercise extreme caution!!!!	Exercise extreme caution!!!!	Exercise extreme caution!!!!

Phonetic Alphabet

Letter	Code word	Pronunciation
A	Alfa	AL FAH
B	Bravo	BRAH VOH
C	Charlie	CHAR LEE
D	Delta	DELL TAH
E	Echo	ECK OH
F	Foxtrot	FOKS TROT
G	Golf	GOLF
H	Hotel	HOH TELL
I	India	IN DEE AH
J	Juliett	JEW LEE ETT
K	Kilo	KEY LOH
L	Lima	LEE MAH
M	Mike	MIKE
N	November	NO VEM BER
O	Oscar	OSS CAH
P	Papa	PAH PAH
Q	Quebec	KEH BECK
R	Romeo	ROW ME OH

Digit	Code word	Pronunciation
0	Zero	ZE RO
1	One	WUN
2	Two	TOO
3	Three	TREE
4	Four	FOW ER
5	Five	FIFE
6	Six	SIX
7	Seven	SEV EN
8	Eight	AIT
9	Nine	NIN ER

S	Sierra	SEE AIR AH
T	Tango	TANG GO
U	Uniform	YOU NEE FORM
V	Victor	VIK TAH
W	Whiskey	WISS KEY
X	X-ray	ECKS RAY
Y	Yankee	YANG KEY
Z	Zulu	ZOO LOO